IN THE

Supreme Court of the United States

October Term, 1943

No. 238

DANIEL W. NORRIS, EMMET L. RICHARDSON and PERRY J. STEARNS, as Executors of the Will of Fannie W. Norris, Deceased,

Petitioners.

28.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE,

Respondent.

Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit

PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI AND BRIEF

PERRY J. STEARNS, 927 Wells Building, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Counsel for Petitioners.



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No. 238

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Petitioners,

v8.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.

Respondent.

Petition for Writ of Certiorari to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit.

To the Honorable Harlan Fiske Stone, Chief Justice of the United States, and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Your petitioners respectfully show:

I. SUMMARY STATEMENT

This proceeding was commenced in the United States Tax Court, then known as the United States Board of Tax Appeals, to redetermine a deficiency of United States estate taxes assessed against petitioners, as executors of the will of Fannie W. Norris, Deceased. The petitioners, in their United States estate tax return, claimed deductions for two transfers to charity made by them (T. 4, 14, 121, 149), and the Commissioner disallowed these deductions and determined the deficiency in question (T. 14, 141, 142). The United States Board of Tax Appeals and the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit held the two transfers not deductible. (T. 189)

Notice of deficiency was dated June 28, 1940 (T. 137).

The matter was heard by the United States Board of Tax Appeals on the 29th day of September, 1941 (T. 143), and on March 18, 1942 the decision of the Board was promulgated, reported in 46 U. S. B. T. A., 705 (T. 154-165). Due appeal was taken to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Seventh Circuit, June 6, 1942 (T. 2); hearing had January 14, 1943; decision made April 8, 1943; and petition for rehearing denied May 10, 1943. The opinion of the Circuit Court of Appeals is reported at 134 F. (2d) 796. (T. 176-184.)

II. REASONS FOR ALLOWANCE OF THE WRIT

- 1. The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit that transfers to charity, conditional as of the date of death, cannot be allowed as deductions even though such condition has been performed and the event has occurred before the deduction can be allowed is in conflict with Regulations 80, Art. 47 having the force of law and with decisions of the Circuit Court of Appeals in other circuits on the same point in the cases of Brown vs. Commissioner, (3 Cir.) 50 F. (2d) 842; Meierhof vs. Higgins, (2 Cir.) 129 F. (2d) 1002; Smith vs. Commissioner, (1 Cir.) 78 F. (2) 897, and a number of other cases discussed in the brief submitted herewith.
- 2. The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that the transfers in question did not speak as of date of death, the same as if set forth in express terms by the will, is a decision of an important question of Wisconsin law in a tway probably in conflict with applicable decisions of the Wisconsin Supreme Court, and clearly in conflict with the

law of this case as determined by a final decision of the County Court for Milwaukee County, State of Wisconsin, made in regular course of probate. (7.150-4)

- The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals, that the transfers in question did not speak as of the date of death as if set forth by express provision in the will, is an erroneous decision of an important question of general law in conflict with the weight of authority.
- The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that a gift to charity, dependent upon a condition precedent which occurs necessarily after death but before the estate tax return is filed and the deduction can be allowed, is not deductible for estate tax purposes, involves an important question of federal law which has not been but should be settled by this court.
- The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that a gift to charity, dependent upon a condition precedent which occurs before the tax is determined is not deductible for estate tax purposes, is a decision of a federal question in a way probably in conflict with applicable decisions of this court.

(T. 189)

The decision of said Circuit Court of Appeals that the second part of Art. 47, Reg. 80 of the Treasury Department relates to transfers subject to conditions precedent, when in fact it relates only to conditions subsequent, (T. 181) is an erroneous construction of a federal law, the correction of which is of great importance to the administration of estates throughout the United States.

7. The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that only by strict construction, and not by natural or reasonable construction, is the second paragraph of Art. 47, Reg. 80 not applicable to the transfers in question is an

erroneous construction of federal law, which it is in the public interest to have corrected.

- 8. The decision by the Circuit Court of Appeals that transfers to charitable corporations upon condition can only be allowed as deductions, if the condition occurs prior to the date of death, is an erroneous construction of federal law, the correction of which by this court of last resort is of great importance.
- 9. The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that transfers or gifts to charity cannot be contingent or conditioned upon the exercise of a discretionary power conferred upon personal representatives or other tribunal for the testator, his an erroneous construction of federal law, the correction of which is of great and widespread importance.
- 10. The decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals that the powers vested in the trustees, pursuant to which the transfers in question were made, were not imperative and mandatory speaking through the will of the testatrix, but merely precatory as if the transfers were made by the trustees from their own personal estates is an erroneous construction of Wisconsin and general law in conflict therewith.

WHEREFORE, your petitioners pray that a writ of certiorari issue under the seal of this court, directed to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit, commanding said court to certify and send to this court a full and complete transcript of the record and of the proceedings of the said Circuit Court of Appeals had in the case numbered and entitled on its docket, No. 8062, Daniel W. Norris, Emmet L. Richardson, and Perry J. Stearns, as Executors of the Will of Fannie W. Norris, Deceased, Petitioners-Appellants, vs. Commissioner of In-

